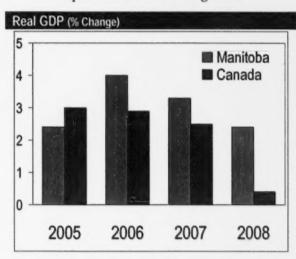
# **Manitoba Economic Highlights**

#### **Economic Overview**

#### **Real Gross Domestic Product**

- Statistics Canada estimates that Manitoba's real GDP grew 2.4% in 2008 above the Canadian growth of 0.4%.
- In the 2009 Budget, the Manitoba Bureau of Statistics estimated that real GDP increased by 2.2% for 2008.
- In 2009, the Manitoba economy is forecast to outperform the Canadian average according to major forecasters.
- o In 2010, the Manitoba economy is forecast to equal Canada's real GDP growth.



#### **Consumer Price Index**

- O In the first six months 2009, the Manitoba CPI increased 1.1% above the 0.6% national increase. Food (7.8%) has the largest increase while energy has declined 12.6%.
- In 2008, the Manitoba CPI increased 2.3%, the same as the national increase. Energy, shelter, and food were the major contributors to the increase.

- Manitoba's GDP growth was 2.4% in 2008 substantially better than the 0.4% growth for Canada.
- Manitoba real GDP growth exceeded Canadian growth from 2006 to 2008
- In 2009, Manitoba's real GDP growth is forecast to outperform the Canadian average.
- Manitoba merchandise exports were up 5.2% in 2008. Exports to the U.S. were up 6.3%.
- In 2008, there were 5,537 Manitoba housing starts, the second highest level since 1987.
- Average weekly earnings increased 2.7% in 2008.

#### Labour Market

### **Employment**

- O In the first six months of 2009 Manitoba's employment increased by 800 compared to a national decrease of 236,000. Manitoba's full-time employment was up 0.8% while part-time decreased 2.6%.
- In 2008, employment increased 10,200 relative to 2007. Full-time employment was up 2.1% while part-time employment increased 0.1%.

| Employment (% Change) |      |         |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|------|---------|--|--|--|
|                       | 2008 | 2009ytd |  |  |  |
| Manitoba              |      |         |  |  |  |
| Total Employment      | 1.7  | 0.1     |  |  |  |
| Full-Time             | 2.1  | 0.8     |  |  |  |
| Part-Time             | 0.1  | -2.6    |  |  |  |
| Canada                |      |         |  |  |  |
| Total Employment      | 1.5  | -1.4    |  |  |  |

#### **Unemployment Rate**

- O In the first six months of 2009, Manitoba's unemployment rate was 4.9%, second lowest behind Saskatchewan. The youth unemployment rate was 9.0%, lowest in Canada.
- Historically, Manitoba's unemployment rate has averaged 2 to 2.5 percentage points below Canada. In the first six months 2009, this spread has increased to above 3 points.
- In 2008, Manitoba's unemployment rate was 4.2%, third lowest among provinces and the lowest Manitoba rate in over 30 years.
   Manitoba's youth unemployment rate was 9.0%, fourth lowest among provinces.
- In 2008, the number of unemployed in Manitoba declined by 4.0%. This was the largest percentage decline among the provinces
- From 1998 to 2008, Manitoba had the lowest annual unemployment rate among provinces five times, and the second-lowest rate four times.

# **Average Weekly Earnings**

- O In the first four months of 2009, average weekly earnings were up 2.9%, above Canada's increase of 1.9% and tied for fifth highest among provinces.
- In 2008, average weekly earnings were up 2.7%, below the 2.8% increase nationally and tied for fifth highest among provinces.

# **Population**

 As of April 1, 2009, Manitoba's population stood at 1,217,163, a one-year increase of 14,007 persons. This 1.2% increase was fifth best among provinces.

# **Net Migration**

- o In the year ending April 1, 2009, 9,288 more people moved to Manitoba than left.
- During the same period, net international inmigration totaled 11,095, more than the net inter-provincial out-migration of 1,807.

# **Economic Activity**

## **Manufacturing Sales**

- In the first five months of 2009, Manitoba manufacturing sales decreased 6.1% to \$6.2 billion. Canadian sales declined -20.0%.
- In the first five months of 2009, three Manitoba industries increased; machinery (33.2%), chemicals (16.7%) and fabricated metals (9.3%).
- In the first five months of 2009, nine industries have declines in the value of sales with primary metals, wood, other durables and printing leading the losses.
- O In 2008, Manitoba's manufacturing sales increased 1.8% to \$16.4 billion, Canadian sales declined 0.4%. This was the eighth consecutive year that Manitoba's sales outperformed Canada.

| Industries with Strong<br>the Value of Manufactu<br>Change) |      |         |
|---|------|---------|
|   | 2008 | 2009ytd |
| Machinery   | 29.6 | 33.2    |
| Chemicals   | 35.3 | 16.7    |
| Fabricated Metals   | 14.8 | 9.3     |

# **Farm Cash Receipts**

- o In the first three months of 2009, Manitoba cash receipts rose 4.0% led by increased crop (12.4%) and livestock (11.6%) receipts.
- The increase in crop receipts was led by vegetables (50.3%) and oilseeds (23.6%).
   Hog receipts increased 26.6% to lead the livestock sector. Direct payments declined 56.3% in the first quarter.
- o In 2008, Manitoba cash receipts rose 8.7% with a 23.8% increase in crop receipts offsetting declines in livestock (-3.2%) and direct payments (-21.9%).
- In 2008, all major crops increased led by oilseeds (34.9%) and wheat (26.8%). A 13.5% decline in hog receipts caused the decline in livestock receipts.

| Farm Cash Receipts<br>(% Change) |        |         |  |  |
|----------------------------------|--------|---------|--|--|
|                                  | 2008   | 2009ytd |  |  |
| Oilseeds                         | 34.9   | 23.6    |  |  |
| Wheat                            | 26.8   | (18.0)  |  |  |
| Hogs                             | (13.5) | 26.6    |  |  |
| Cattle                           | 3.3    | 0.5     |  |  |

O Agricultural diversification has altered the structure of the sector. In 1990, wheat accounted for 29% of farm cash receipts but by 2008 only 17.4%. The largest source of receipts was oilseeds (24.3%) followed by wheat, hogs (14.8%) and cattle (11.0%).

#### **Retail Sales**

- In the first five months of 2009, Manitoba retail sales declined 4.5% better than the 6.2% decline in Canada.
- O The decline in 2009 retail sales is led by declines in motor vehicle (-17.1%), gasoline (-15.5%) and furniture and electronics (-8.3%) sales. Pharmacies (7.4%), other stores (6.0%) and food and beverages stores (5.4%) have the largest increases.
- In 2008, Manitoba retail sales increased 7.2% above the 3.4% increase in Canada and third highest among provinces.
- In 2008, gasoline sales (23.1%), pharmacies (15.2%); furniture and appliance sales (11.5%); and hardware, garden and building supply stores (9.0%) led the growth.

#### Investment

- O Statistics Canada's Private and Public Investment survey from February 2009 shows that Manitoba's 2008 capital investment increased 16.7%, second highest among provinces. Canada's increase was 5.2%.
- The Survey shows that Manitoba's private investment increased 15.2% while public investment increased 20.1%.
- A number of major investment projects were undertaken in 2008, including the Winnipeg

- Floodway expansion, the Wuskwatim hydroelectric dam and a new airport facility.
- In 2008, private capital investment accounts for approximately 70% of capital investment in Manitoba.
- In 2009, capital investment is projected to decrease 2.6%. Only three provinces are projected to have increases and investment in Canada will decline 5.4%.
- Private investment is projected to decrease 6.8% with only two provinces having increases and investment in Canada projected to decline 9.3%
- Manitoba public investment is projected to increase 7.0% below Canada (9.5%).

### **Housing Starts**

- In the first half of 2009, Manitoba housing starts decreased 32.7% better than the 43.6% national decline.
- In 2009, Manitoba single starts are down
   21.6% while multiples have declined 53.3%.
- O In 2008, housing starts in Manitoba decreased 3.5% to 5,537 units. Singledetached starts declined 4.3% while multiple starts were down 1.8%. Housing starts in Canada declined 7.6% with single-detached starts decreasing 21.6% while multiple starts were up 7.7%.
- O The 2008 total starts in Manitoba are the second-highest level since 1987, while single and multiple housing starts are the thirdhighest level since 1987.
- In the first six months of 2009 Manitoba urban housing starts declined 35.1% while Canadian starts were down 45.6%

| Housing Start<br>Areas) | s (All          |        |  |  |
|-------------------------|-----------------|--------|--|--|
| (% Change)              |                 | ,      |  |  |
|                         | <b>Manitoba</b> | Canada |  |  |
| 2005                    | 6.6             | (3.4)  |  |  |
| 2006                    | 6.3             | 0.8    |  |  |
| 2007                    | 14.1            | 0.4    |  |  |
| 2008                    | (3.5)           | (7.6)  |  |  |
| 2009ytd                 | (32.7)          | (43.6) |  |  |

### **Building Permits**

- O In the first five months of 2009, the value of Manitoba building permits decreased 10.2%. Non-residential permits rose 19.0% while residential permits decreased 22.6%. Permits in Canada declined 29.3%.
- The value of permits in Winnipeg declined 17.4% while outside of Winnipeg they increased 1.1%.
- O In 2008, the value of building permits in Manitoba increased 10.6%. Non-residential permits were up 3.9% while residential permits increased 14.1%. Canada permits were down 5.3%.
- o In 2008 the growth in the value of building permits was led by increases in industrial permits (48.2%), commercial (29.4%) and residential (14.1%) with residential permits exceeded \$1 billion for the first time.

### **Bankruptcies**

- In the first five months of 2009, business bankruptcies decreased 41.8% in Manitoba, and declined 13.6% in Canada.
- In the first five months of 2009, consumer bankruptcies increased 28.2% in Manitoba, and were up 34.9% in Canada.
- O In 2008, business bankruptcies increased 1.0% in Manitoba, and declined 2.0% in Canada. Consumer bankruptcies decreased 0.8% in Manitoba and increased 13.5% in Canada.

# **Foreign Merchandise Exports**

- In first five months of 2009, Manitoba exports decreased 12.6%, while Canadian exports were down 25.2%.
- In first four months of 2009, Manitoba's U.S. exports decreased 12.4% while non-U.S. exports were down 12.9%.
- In 2008, Manitoba exports increased 5.2%, while Canadian exports were up 8.3%.

In 2008, Manitoba's U.S. exports increased
 6.3% while non-U.S. exports were up 2.8%.

| Foreign Merchandise Exports (% Change) |      |         |  |
|--|------|---------|--|
|  | 2008 | 2009ytd |  |
| All Countries                          | 5.2  | (12.6)  |  |
| U.S.                                   | 6.3  | (12.4)  |  |
| Non-U.S.                               | 2.8  | (12.9)  |  |

### **Electricity Sales**

- O In the first six months 2009, Manitoba electricity sales declined 4.9% led by a 33.9% decrease in export sales. Domestic sales rose 9.3%
- In 2008, Manitoba electricity sales increased 4.2% with a 4.7% increase in domestic sales and a 3.4% increase in export sales.
- O In 2008 Manitoba electricity sales were the second highest on record due in large part to a record level of domestic sales. Export sales were third highest on record due to a 45.2% increase in Canadian export sales.

#### **Manitoha Finance**

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Please click on <u>economic statistics</u> to view the data underlying this report.

Note: The 2009 Budget Paper The Economy was released on March 25 and contains an extensive review of Manitoba's economic performance for 2008 and an outlook for 2009. This document is available at:

www.gov.mb.ca/finance/budget09
/papers/economy.pdf

|                                   | 2003    | 2004    | 2005      | 2006    | 2007    | 2008    | 2009 (ytd) |            |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|------------|------------|
|                                   |         | (\$     | Millions) |         |         |         |            |            |
| Gross Domestic Product            |         |         |           |         |         |         |            |            |
| Nominal                           | 37,451  | 39,748  | 41,517    | 44,911  | 48,549  | 50,886  | 50,275     | f (annual) |
| Real (2002=100)                   | 37,059  | 37,861  | 38,783    | 40,344  | 41,662  | 42,655  |            | f (annual) |
| Investment                        |         |         |           |         |         |         |            | ,          |
| Total                             | 6,163   | 6,699   | 6,836     | 7,837   | 8,903   | 10,386  | 10,116     | i (annual) |
| Private                           | 4,721   | 5,082   | 5,091     | 5,811   | 6,267   | 7,221   | 6,729      | i (annual) |
| Public                            | 1,442   | 1,617   | 1,745     | 2,027   | 2,635   | 3,165   | 3,387      | i (annual) |
| Non-residential                   | 4,906   | 5,181   | 5,201     | 6,042   | 6,803   | 7,952   | 7,605      | i (annual) |
| Housing                           | 1,257   | 1,518   | 1,635     | 1,796   | 2,099   | 2,434   | 2,512      | i (annual) |
| Sectors                           |         |         |           |         |         |         |            | ,          |
| Farm Cash Receipts                | 3,532   | 3,858   | 3,804     | 3,687   | 4,327   | 4,704   | 1,403      | (Mar)      |
| Crops                             | 1,703   | 1,812   | 1,298     | 1,279   | 2,188   | 2,710   | 892        | (Mar)      |
| Livestock                         | 1,522   | 1,615   | 1,808     | 1,781   | 1,726   | 1,672   | 441        | (Mar)      |
| Direct Payments                   | 308     | 430     | 699       | 626     | 413     | 322     | 70         | (Mar)      |
| Manufacturing                     | 12,682  | 13,262  | 13,702    | 14,854  | 16,111  | 16,409  | 6,244      | (May)      |
| Mineral Production                | 1,050   | 1,406   | 1,576     | 2,619   | 3,070   | 2,520   | 0,2        | (Dec)      |
| Electric Power Sales              | 1,282   | 1,435   | 1,797     | 1,697   | 1,667   | 1,737   | 824        | (June)     |
| Export Sales                      | 380     | 488     | 818       | 702     | 613     | 634     | 189        | (June)     |
| Housing Starts All Areas (Units)  | 4,206   | 4,440   | 4,731     | 5,028   | 5,738   | 5,537   | 1,178      | (June)     |
| Retail Trade                      | 10,953  | 11,692  | 12,381    | 12,870  | 14,008  | 15,017  | 5,632      | (May)      |
| Foreign Merchandise Exports       |         |         |           |         |         |         |            |            |
| Total                             | 9,194   | 9,297   | 9,301     | 10,195  | 12,192  | 12,822  | 4,648      | (May)      |
| US                                | 6,986   | 6,859   | 6,973     | 7,671   | 8,348   | 8,871   | 3,162      | (May)      |
| Labour Market                     |         |         |           |         |         |         |            | ,          |
| Labour Force (000s)               | 600.3   | 608.9   | 609.4     | 613.5   | 623.9   | 633.0   | 637.1      | (June)     |
| Employment (000s)                 | 570.3   | 576.6   | 580.3     | 587.0   | 596.5   | 606.7   | 606.2      | (June)     |
| Participation Rate (%)            | 68.7    | 69.1    | 68.6      | 68.8    | 69.4    | 69.6    | 69.3       | (June)     |
| Unemployment Rate (%)             | 5.0     | 5.3     | 4.8       | 4.3     | 4.4     | 4.2     | 4.9        | (June)     |
| Youth Unemployment Rate (%)       | 9.5     | 10.9    | 9.7       | 8.8     | 9.0     | 9.0     | 9.0        | (June)     |
| Consumer Price Index              |         |         |           |         |         |         |            | ,          |
| (2002=100)                        | 101.8   | 103.8   | 106.6     | 108.7   | 110.9   | 113.4   | 113.6      | (June)     |
| Population                        | 10110   |         | .00.0     |         | . 1013  |         |            | (23.13)    |
| July 1st estimates (in thousands) | 1,163.8 | 1,173.6 | 1,178.3   | 1,184.0 | 1,193.5 | 1,208.0 | 1,217.2    | (Apr)      |

<sup>(</sup>ytd) - year to date

<sup>(</sup>f) - Data for 2003 to 2008 are from Statistics Canada. Data for 2009 are based on Conference Board of Canada forecast.

<sup>(</sup>i) - Based on Statistics Canada's Survey of Public & Private Investment intentions.

| Table 2: Economic Indica          | itors  | ng nggam attrag fan dar | intografija etj. | in a property of the graph | er a potential par ser de p | and the graph of the first of the section of the se | July 28    | 3, 2009  |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|------------|----------|
|                                   | 2003   | 2004                    | 2005             | 2006                       | 2007                        | 2008   | 2009 (ytd) |          |
|                                   |        | (% C                    | hange)           |                            |                             |  |            |          |
| <b>Gross Domestic Product</b>     |        |                         |                  |                            |                             |  |            |          |
| Nominal                           | 2.4    | 6.1                     | 4.5              | 8.2                        | 8.1                         | 4.8  | -1.2 f     | (annual) |
| Real (2002=100)                   | 1.4    | 2.2                     | 2.4              | 4.0                        | 3.3                         | 2.4  | 1.0 f      | (annual) |
| Investment                        |        |                         |                  |                            |                             |  |            |          |
| Total                             | 2.5    | 8.7                     | 2.0              | 14.6                       | 13.6                        | 16.7   | -2.6 i     | (annual) |
| Private                           | 1.5    | 7.7                     | 0.2              | 14.1                       | 7.9                         | 15.2   | -6.8 i     | (annual) |
| Public                            | 5.8    | 12.1                    | 7.9              | 16.1                       | 30.0                        | 20.1   | 7.0 i      | (annual) |
| Non-residential                   | 0.6    | 5.6                     | 0.4              | 16.2                       | 12.6                        | 16.9   | -4.4 i     | (annual) |
| Housing                           | 10.5   | 20.8                    | 7.8              | 9.8                        | 16.9                        | 16.0   | 3.2 i      | (annual) |
| Sectors                           |        |                         |                  |                            |                             |  |            |          |
| Farm Cash Receipts                | (7.5)  | 9.2                     | (1.4)            | (3.1)                      | 17.4                        | 8.7  | 4.0        | (Mar)    |
| Crops                             | (10.7) | 6.4                     | (28.4)           | (1.4)                      | 71.1                        | 23.8   | 12.4       | (Mar)    |
| Livestock                         | (10.1) | 6.2                     | 11.9             | (1.5)                      | (3.1)                       | (3.2)  | 11.6       | (Mar)    |
| Direct Payments                   | 40.7   | 39.6                    | 62.4             | (10.4)                     | (34.1)                      | (21.9)   | (56.3)     | (Mar)    |
| Manufacturing                     | 7.3    | 4.6                     | 3.3              | 8.4                        | 8.5                         | 1.8  | (6.1)      | (May)    |
| Mineral Production                | 4.5    | 34.0                    | 12.1             | 66.1                       | 17.3                        | (17.9)   |            | (Dec)    |
| Electric Power Sales              | (5.8)  | 11.9                    | 25.2             | (5.5)                      | (1.8)                       | 4.2  | (4.9)      | (June)   |
| Export Sales                      | (19.4) | 28.3                    | 67.5             | (14.2)                     | (14.1)                      | 3.4  | (33.9)     | (June)   |
| Housing Starts All Areas          | 16.3   | 5.6                     | 6.6              | 6.3                        | 14.1                        | (3.5)  | (32.7)     | (June)   |
| Retail Trade                      | 3.6    | 6.7                     | 5.9              | 3.9                        | 8.8                         | 7.2  | (4.5)      | (May)    |
| Foreign Merchandise Exports       |        |                         |                  |                            |                             |  |            |          |
| Total                             | (2.2)  | 1.1                     | 0.0              | 9.6                        | 19.6                        | 5.2  | (12.6)     | (May)    |
| USA                               | (8.1)  | (1.8)                   | 1.7              | 10.0                       | 8.8                         | 6.3  | (12.4)     | (May)    |
| Labour Market                     |        |                         |                  |                            |                             |  |            |          |
| Labour Force                      | 0.4    | 1.4                     | 0.1              | 0.7                        | 1.7                         | 1.5  | 0.9        | (June)   |
| Employment                        | 0.5    | 1.1                     | 0.6              | 1.2                        | 1.6                         | 1.7  | 0.1        | (June)   |
| Consumer Price Index              |        |                         |                  |                            |                             |  |            |          |
| (2002=100)                        | 1.8    | 2.0                     | 2.7              | 2.0                        | 2.0                         | 2.3  | 1.1        | (June)   |
| Population                        |        |                         |                  |                            |                             |  |            |          |
| July 1st estimates (in thousands) | 0.6    | 0.8                     | 0.4              | 0.5                        | 0.8                         | 1.2  | 1.2        | (Apr)    |

(ytd) - year to date

<sup>(</sup>f) - Data for 2003 to 2008 are from Statistics Canada. Data for 2009 are based on Conference Board of Canada forecast.

<sup>(</sup>i) - Based on Statistics Canada's Survey of Public & Private Investment intentions.